## Porroglossum hystrix Luer, sp. nov.

Ety.: From the Latin hystrix, "a porcupine," referring to the bristly peduncle.

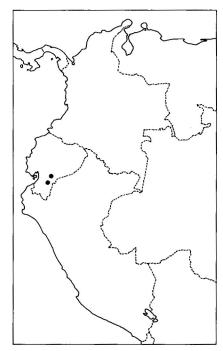
Species haec *P. echidnae* (Rchb. f) Garay similis, sed floribus minoribus, sepalorum caudis brevioribus gracilioribus et labelli callo altissimo rotundato differt.

Plant small to medium in size, epiphytic, caespitose; roots slender. Ramicauls slender, 1-3.5 cm long, enclosed by 2-3 loose, tubular sheaths. Leaf erect, coriaceous, lightly verrucose, petiolate, 5-10 cm long including the petiole 1.5-4 cm long, the blade narrowly elliptical to narrowly obovate, acute, 1-1.7 cm wide, gradually narrowed below into the petiole. Inflorescence a congested, successively few-flowered raceme, borne by an erect, densely long-pubescent peduncle 10-17 cm long, with a bract near the middle, from low on the ramicaul; floral bracts tubular, imbricating, 4-5 mm long; pedicel 5 mm long; ovary papillose, 4-5 mm long; sepals green with brown veins, lightly verrucose externally, the dorsal sepal transversely obovate, 5-6 mm long, 5-7 mm wide, connate to the lateral sepals for 3-4 mm to form a gaping cup, the apex obtuse, contracted into a slender, erect 7-10 cm long, the lateral sepals transversely ovate, oblique, 4-6 mm long, 5-7 mm wide, connate to each other for 2 mm to form a deep, obtuse mentum beneath the column-foot, the apices acute, contracted into slender tails 8-10 mm long; petals translucent tan with a purple midvein, oblong, 5 mm long, 1 mm wide, narrowed to the slightly dilated, rounded apex, the margins without an angle; lip white with the apex suffused with dark purple and the callus pink, the blade obovate-spathulate, 5-6 mm long, 3-4 mm wide, the obtuse apex minutely ciliate, with a shallow midline sulcus, the disc with a tall, thick, longitudinal callus, rounded anteriorly, above the straplike claw bent with tension around the free apex of the column-foot; column stout, semiterete, 3 mm long, the stout foot 8 mm long.

ECUADOR: Prov. of Morona-Santiago: Valle del Paute, alt. 2200 m, collected by A. Andreetta & M. Portilla, flowered in cultivation at Paute, 16 May 1988, C. Luer 13384 (Holotype: MO); above Limón, alt. 1000 m, 1972, collected by W. Teague, flowered in cultivation 12 Dec. 1978, C. Luer 3630 (SEL).

Although this species of section Echidna seemed to have affinities with both P. echidna and P. muscosum, in Systematics of Porroglossum it was included in P. muscosum and an illustration (Plate 16) was used to show what was believed to be an acceptable variation within P. muscosum. Recently, however, more living plants of this taxon have been examined, and it is now apparent that specific differences exist.

The smaller flowers with slender tails distinguish it from *P. echidna*, and the verrucose sepals separate it from *M. muscosum*. From both species it is distinguished by the tall, rounded callus of the lip.



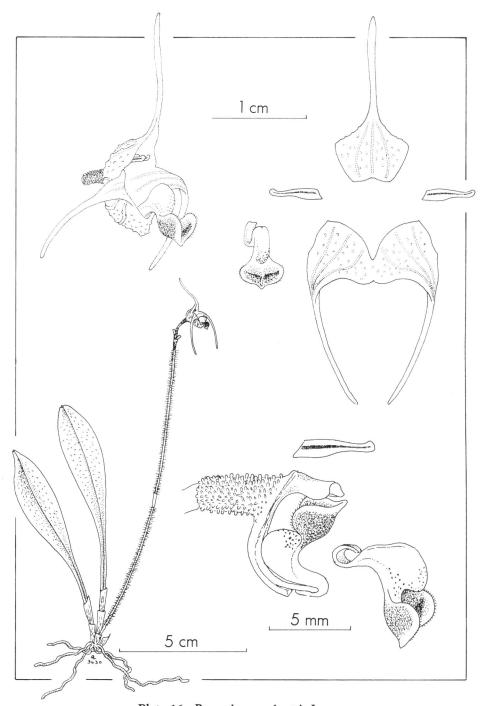


Plate 16. Porroglossum hystrix Luer